

SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN.

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NO. 127.

THE First National Bank OF Santa Fe, N. M.

UNITED STATES DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY

R. J. PALEN - President.

J. H. VAUGHN Cashier

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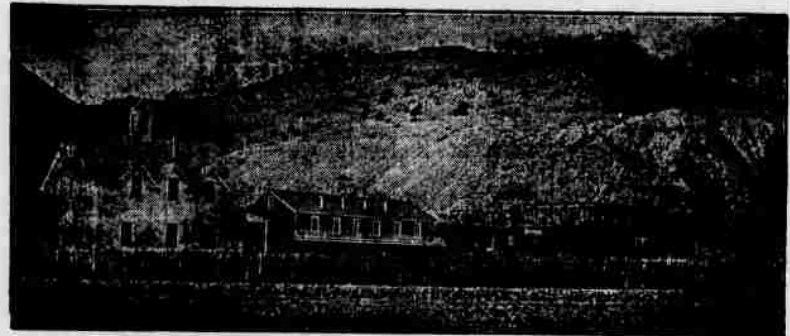
DEALER IN

BOOTS,
SHOES, and
FINDINGS.

Santa Fe - N. M.

OJO CALIENTE

(HOT SPRINGS.)



THESE Celebrated Hot Springs are located in the midst of the Ancient Cliff Dwellers, twenty-five miles west of Taos, and fifty miles north of Santa Fe, and about twelve miles from the Denver & Rio Grande Railway from which point a daily line of stages runs to the Springs. The temperature of these waters is from 90° to 120°. The gases are carbonic. Altitude 6,000 feet. Climate very dry and delightful the year round. There is now a commodious hotel for the convenience of invalids and tourists. These waters contain 1,600,000 grains of alkaline salts to the gallon, being the richest Alkaline Hot Springs in the world. The efficacy of these waters has been thoroughly tested by the numerous cures effected in the following diseases: Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Consumption, Malaria, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Syphilis, Mercurial Affections, Scrofula, Catarrh, La Grippe, all Female Complaints, etc., etc. Board, Lodging and Bathing, \$2.50 per day. Reduced rates given by the month. This resort is attractive at all seasons and is open all winter. Passengers for Ojo Caliente can leave Santa Fe at 10:28 a. m. and reach Ojo Caliente at 5 p. m. the same day. Fare for the round trip from Santa Fe to Ojo Caliente, \$1. For further particulars address—

ANTONIO JOSEPH, Prop.,
Ojo Caliente, Taos County New Mexico

ALAMOGORDO

The Beautiful New Town on the El Paso
and Northeastern Ry.

LOCATED IN THE SHADOW OF THE PINE-CLAD
SACRAMENTOS.

Supplied With Pure Mountain Water.

The Coming Health Resort of the West.

LOTS NOW ON SALE.

\$30,000 Hotel Underway.

Headquarters of the Railway Co.

For prices of lots and all particulars address or call on

S. H. SUTHERLAND, Agt.
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J. A. EDDY,
PRESIDENT.

Alamogordo Improvement Co.,
EL PASO, TEXAS

TELEPHONE 88.
(Residence Over Store)

Charles Wagner,
—DEALER IN ALL STYLES OF—

BURIAL CASES AND COFFINS

Calls will receive prompt attention day or night from
S. B. Warner, funeral director and practical embalmer.

Lower Frisco St - Santa Fe, N. M.

TERMS OF PROTOCOL

Official Statement of Contents Made
Public So Soon As Document
Was Signed.

TWO COMMISSIONS CREATED

Peace Commission Will Meet in Paris—
Military Commission Will Settle De-
tails of Evacuation of Cuba
and Puerto Rico.

Washington, Aug. 12.—The official statement for press publication setting out the provisions of the peace protocol was approved at the cabinet session today. It was prepared by Secretary Day, the purpose being to make it public immediately after the required signatures have been affixed to the protocol. It does not give the text of the document, but details the main points. The protocol in general is a reiteration of the terms, though with considerable supplementary paragraphs of an administrative nature. The note, as handed to Ambassador Cambon, called for the immediate evacuation of Cuba and Puerto Rico, while the protocol leaves the time of evacuation to be fixed by a joint military commission of the United States and Spain.

The position of the protocol, supplementary to what is embodied in the manner of the execution of its provisions.

The protocol provides for two commissions, the first a peace commission, which will meet in Paris; the second, a military commission, which will meet in Havana province within 15 days. The military commission will be created immediately on the signing of the protocol. Its duties will be of great importance. It will settle the details of the evacuation of Spanish armies from the West Indies and decide all questions relative to the removal of all submarine mines, the immediate relinquishment to the United States of the fortresses at Havana, San Juan, and other points, and the transfer of possession of Manila city itself.

Provisions of the Protocol.

The protocol provides:

1.—Spain will relinquish all claim of sovereignty over and title to Cuba.

2.—Puerto Rico and other Spanish islands in the West Indies, and an island in the Ladrone, to be selected by the United States, shall be ceded to the latter.

3.—The United States will occupy and hold the city, bay and harbor of Manila, pending the conclusion of the treaty of peace, which shall determine the control, disposition and government of the Philippines.

4.—Cuba, Puerto Rico and other Spanish islands in the West Indies shall be immediately evacuated, and the commissioners to be appointed within ten days, shall, within 30 days from the signing of the protocol, meet at Havana and San Juan respectively, to arrange and execute the details of evacuation.

5.—The United States and Spain will each appoint not more than five commissioners to negotiate and conclude a treaty of peace. The commissioners are to meet at Paris not later than the 1st of October.

6.—On the signing of the protocol hostilities will be suspended and a notice to that effect will be given so soon as possible by each government to the commanders of its military and naval forces.

The above is the official statement of the protocol's contents, as prepared and given to the press by Secretary Day. The protocol was signed at 4:23 p. m. by Secretary Day, representing the United States, and M. Cambon, the French ambassador, representing the Spanish government.

WAR IS OVER.

Protocol Signed This Afternoon by the
French Ambassador Acting for the
Spanish Government.

Madrid, Aug. 12.—The Spanish government this morning notified the French minister of foreign affairs, M. Del Casse, of its acceptance of the protocol and asked the French ambassador to transmit to the French government at Washington, such power as is in conformity with President McKinley's expressly formulated desire, will authorize him as ambassador of France at Washington, to sign the protocol.

Preliminary Peace Agreement Expected Today.
Washington, Aug. 12.—The French ambassador up to 10:30 o'clock had not received authorization to sign the protocol, although he is aware that the authorization is on the way here. No doubt is entertained at the embassy that its formal execution preliminary to a peace agreement will take place during the day.

Authority Received to Sign Protocol.
At 12:30 p. m. the French ambassador received a dispatch giving him full authorization to sign the protocol. The dispatch is a long one and the deciphering will take some time. No hour has been set for signing the protocol, but undoubtedly it will be signed later in the day.

Instructions Received.
At 2:30 p. m. the French ambassador had received full instructions and authorization respecting the signing of the protocol. Ten minutes later M. Thibault, secretary of the embassy, started for the State department, where he made an appointment for the execution of the instrument this afternoon. It is thought the signatures will be affixed about 4 o'clock, although if the president is to be present at the ceremony it may not take place until 5 o'clock.

Protocol Signed.
The peace protocol was signed at 4:23 p. m.

Appointment of General Tracy Asked.
Washington, Aug. 12.—Senator Platt, of New York, called on President McKinley today, and asked for the appointment of General Benjamin F. Tracy, ex-secretary of the navy, as a member of the peace commission.

Admiral Kirkland Better.
Vallejo, Cal., Aug. 12.—Bear Admiral Kirkland's condition shows a slight improvement, and his physicians say he has a fighting chance for his life. Commander J. J. Brice, who was recalled from the retired list during the hostilities with Spain, is in command of the navy yard during Admiral Kirkland's illness.

END OF HOSTILITIES.

Washington, Aug. 12.—Secretary Alger has cabled orders to all military commanders that the protocol of peace has been signed, and to cease hostilities.

Secretary Long has cabled Admiral Sampson and Admiral Dewey, and all other naval commanders, that the peace protocol has been signed, and to cease hostilities.

TROOPS LEAVING CUBA.

Soldiers at Santiago Leaving for Home As
Rapidly As Possible.

Washington, Aug. 12.—The War department has received the following: "Santiago, via Hayti, Aug. 12.—The St. Louis left Morro during the night of the 11th with the 9th and 10th infantry and two companies of the 71st New York. The St. Paul should have left Guantanamo last night or early this morning with the 2nd infantry, four companies of the 71st New York and General Kent with his headquarters. The Mortero leaves in a few minutes with the 21st infantry. The Rio Grande with Colonel Sargent's regiment on board has just arrived. SHAFER." Colonel Sargent's regiment is the 2nd regiment of Immunes.

PROMOTED FOR BRAVERY.

List of Naval Officers Who Have Achieved
Promotion in the War for Eminent and
Conspicuous Conduct in Battle.

Washington, Aug. 12.—Today the Navy department made public the following promotions in the north Atlantic fleet. These are ad interim commissions and hold until the senate confirms or rejects. They take the date of Aug. 10 and in each case are for eminent and conspicuous conduct in battle:

Commodore Sampson, advanced eight numbers and appointed rear admiral; next after Rear Admiral Howell; Commodore Schley, advanced six numbers, and appointed rear admiral to rank next after Admiral Sampson; Captain Francis J. Higginson, three numbers, rank next after Captain Crowell; Captain Robert D. Evans, five numbers, to rank next after Captain Cotton; Captain Henry Taylor, five numbers, to rank next after Captain Read; Captain Francis A. Cool, five numbers, to rank next after Captain Sterling; Captain Charles E. Clark, six numbers, to rank next after Captain Wise; Captain French E. Chadwick, five numbers, to rank next after Captain Sigbee; Commander Raymond P. Rodgers, five numbers, to rank next after Lieutenant Commander Cornwell; Lieutenant Commander Seaton Schroeder, three numbers, to rank next after Lieutenant Commander Kennedy; Lieutenant Commander Richard Walcott, ten numbers, to rank next after Lieutenant Commander Kelly; Lieutenant Commander John A. Rodgers, five numbers, to rank next after Lieutenant Commander Moore; Lieutenant Commander James K. Cogswell, five numbers, to rank next after Lieutenant Commander Buckingham; Lieutenant Alexander Sharp, Jr., five numbers, to rank next after Lieutenant Cutler; Lieutenant Harry Huse, five numbers, to rank next after Lieutenant Bush; Lieutenant Charles MacConnell, two numbers, to rank next after Chief Engineer John Lowe; Chief Engineer John L. Hannum, two numbers, to rank next after Chief Engineer Ross; Chief Engineer Alexander B. Bates, three numbers, to rank next after Chief Engineer John D. Ford; Chief Engineer Robert W. Milligan, three numbers, to rank next after Chief Engineer Bates.

Chief Engineer Charles Rao, three numbers, to rank next after Chief Engineer Cowie; Passed Assistant Engineer George W. McElroy, three numbers, appointed ensign, to rank next after Chief Engineer Reed; Commander Bowman H. McCalla, six numbers, and appointed captain to restore him to his original place on the navy list, to rank next after Captain Goodrich.

Lieutenant (junior grade) Victor Blue, advanced five numbers for extraordinary heroism; Lieutenant Colonel Robt. W. Huntington, advanced one number, and appointed colonel in the marine corps for eminent and conspicuous conduct in battle; Captain George F. Elliott, three numbers, appointed ensign, to rank next after Captain George F. Elliott; Lieutenant Louis P. Lucas, given rank of captain by brevet in the marine corps, for conspicuous conduct in the battle at Guantanamo, Cuba; 1st Lieutenant Wendall C. Neville, given rank of captain by brevet for the same reason; 2nd Lieutenant J. S. Magill, given rank of 1st Lieutenant and captain by brevet, in the marine corps, for good judgment and gallantry in the battle at Guantanamo; 2nd Lieutenant Philip Bonnon, given rank of 1st Lieutenant by brevet in the marine corps for conspicuous service in the battle at Guantanamo; Captain Paul S. T. Murphy, given rank of major by brevet in the marine corps for gallant service in the naval battle at Santiago; 2nd Lieutenant Thomas B. Borden, given rank of 1st Lieutenant by brevet in the marine corps for distinguished service in the naval battle at Santiago.

GARCIA SUSPENDED OPERATIONS.
Cuban Leader Has Given His Men Permis-
sion to Visit Their Homes for
30 Days.

New York, Aug. 12.—A dispatch to the Evening World from Santiago says: "Jack York, of Pennsylvania, who has been serving with General Garcia, has just arrived here. He reports that Garcia has suspended operations for 30 days and given the men permission to go home with instructions to report to him at the end of that period."

NO BOOTY SECURED.
Train Held Up on Burlington Road in Mis-
souri Last Night—Safe Recovered
Unopened.

Kansas City, Aug. 12.—Absolutely no booty was secured from the Adams Express company's safe by the robbers who, last night, held up the Burlington train near St. Joseph, according to the statement made today by J. H. Butler, superintendent of the western division of the Adams company. He said: "Our safe was recovered unopened. No stray packages were secured nor was anything of value taken from the express messenger."

SPANISH DUPLICITY

Having Accepted Peace Terms, Mad-
rid Government is Trying to
Ally Excitement.

SEMI-OFFICIAL NOTE ISSUED

States That the Surrender is Not So Com-
plete As Indicated by Terms of Protocol
—Cuban, Puerto Rican and Philip-
pine Matters Explained.

Madrid, Aug. 12.—The question of the acceptance of the protocol having been finally settled and its signature explicitly authorized, the government is now considering the domestic situation for the best means of allaying excitement and propagating the idea that Spain's surrender is not so complete as indicated by the bold terms of the protocol. As a first step in this direction a semi-official note has been issued, as follows: "The government is of the opinion that the most critical period of peace negotiations has now arrived, as it depends upon the arrangement of details whether peace will be more or less advantageous. Spain wishes to preserve her sovereignty over the whole of the Philippines, to which she proposes to accord all political and administrative reforms consistent with the maintenance of her sovereignty."

"In regard to the evacuation of Cuba and Puerto Rico, it will be asked that the army be allowed to depart honorably and assurances must be given guaranteeing that Spanish and foreign interests will not suffer. The army, which has not been engaged, will return to Spain with its guns, arms and munitions. In regard to the Cuban debt, as the United States refuses to assume it, Spain will endeavor to arrange with the Cuban treasury to pay it when the island is able. The question of a treaty of commerce will lead to considerable discussion and the matter will be submitted to a commission of diplomats under the presidency of Senor Castillo."

LITTLE INFORMATION ELICITED.

British Authorities Reluctant Concerning
Situation in China—Parliament Will
Be Prognosticated Today.

London, Aug. 12.—The house of commons met today at 10:30. A succession of questions on the subject of China elicited little information. The government leader, Balfour, declined to pledge the government to prevent the ratification of the Franco-Delema-Pekin Hankow concession, but promised that in the event of British capitalists purchasing the railroad concessions obtained by the French or Belgian syndicates in the Yang Tse Kiang valley, their majority government will support and assist them both in London and Peking. Parliament will be prorogued today.

MARKET REPORT.

New York, Aug. 12.—Money on call nominally strong at 2 1/2 to 3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3 1/4 to 4 1/4. Silver, 59 1/2; lead, \$3.80; copper, 10 1/2. Chicago—Wheat, Aug. 71 1/2; Sept. 67 1/2 to 67 3/4. Corn, Aug. 32 1/2; Sept. 32 1/2 to 32 3/4. Oats, Aug. 29 1/2 to 29 3/4. Kansas City—Cattle, receipts, 3,500; steady to strong; native steers, \$4.00 to \$5.25; Texas steers, \$3.00 to \$4.25; Texas cows, \$2.00 to \$3.40; Texas calves, \$2.00 to \$3.00; stockers and feeders, \$1.00 to \$5.00; hogs, \$3.20 to \$5.10; bulls, \$2.50 to \$3.75. Sheep, receipts, 2,500; firm; lambs, \$3.75 to \$6.00; muttons, \$2.75 to \$4.50.

Chicago—Cattle, receipts, 15,000; strong; beefs, \$4.20 to \$5.40; cows and heifers, \$2.20 to \$3.40; Texas steers, \$3.20 to \$4.40; westerns, \$3.00 to \$4.00; stockers and feeders, \$3.20 to \$4.80. Sheep, receipts, 6,000; strong to 15c higher; native, \$3.00 to \$4.00; westerns, \$2.75 to \$4.30; lambs, \$4.00 to \$6.75.

TERRITORIAL TOPICS

Las Vegas.

W. A. Harriot and sister, Mrs. A. J. Tisdale, of Trinidad, are guests at the Montezuma, and will remain some time at the Hot Springs.

Dr. Leon Rosenwald, who spent a number of days in the city visiting with relatives and renewing boyhood acquaintances, has returned to his home in Kansas City.

One of the pioneer business men of the city, Jake Block, has retired from business and is now settling up his affairs. Mr. Block began business in Las Vegas 18 years ago, and his associates regret to lose him from active business life.

Corporal Thomas Cavanaugh, who was with Captain Llewellyn's troop of Rough Riders at Santiago, and is now in the hospital at Tampa, has written to his sister, Miss Bessie, that in the first battle in Cuba his arm was shattered by a bullet and that the third amputation has been performed. He will be in the hospital for three months yet, and it is very doubtful if he will ever again be able to use the remainder of the disabled limb.

Albuquerque.

The dates for holding the Territorial fair have been fixed for October 4 to 8. Joe Willis was given 30 days in the county jail yesterday morning by Justice Crawford, for stealing a can of food from a local meat market.

Miss Claude Albright has cabled from Paris that she reached that city in safety on August 7 and has resumed her musical studies. Mrs. Albright, who accompanied her daughter as far as New York, returned home last evening.

Normal Institute.

The Santa Fe county teachers' normal institute was open on Monday morning, September 15, in the brick school house just south of the river in the 2nd ward, and will remain in session for two weeks. The services of Professor Hewitt, of the Las Vegas Normal school, and Professor S. E. Lankard, of this city, have been secured and they will act as instructors in the institute. Immediately after the institute a teachers' examination will be held for the purpose of granting certificates to those who wish to teach in the schools of the county. The institute held last year was very successful, although the attendance was not so large as it should have been, and the coming session is expected to be one of unusual interest and benefit to those who intend to take up the work. There should be a full attendance by the teachers of the county.

NEED NEW CLOTHES

Boys at Whipple Barracks Can Not
Attend Church Because of Their
Shabby Apparel.

REGIMENT ANXIOUS TO MOVE

Health of Company O Splendid—Gentle
Hint for Ladies of Santa Fe to Forward
Cake—Reported Poisoning of
Water Denied.

Whipple Barracks, Aug. 8.—Yesterday was a memorable day in the history of Camp Whipple, marking an achievement which will ever henceforth be referred to with uncommon pride by the gallant little band of volunteers. Now, don't jump at conclusions, gentle reader. Satan was not scared out of a year's growth by the astounding attendance at church, nor was a car load of hot cakes and honey, billed to the donors of the Cannibal Isles with the compliments of the Starvation army, side-tracked at the fort. But more glorious yet! Victory of all victories—the Fort baseball team wiped the earth with the Prescott nine, annihilating the enemy to the tune of 14 to 1. Arizona people will hereafter feel a wholesome respect for the "professional" men in Uncle Samuel's service.

But to refer to church attendance again. It is a deplorable fact that the previously large congregations from the fort have dwindled in no inconsiderable manner of late. The principal cause assigned for this is the old, old story, "no clothes fit to wear." Here again the perversity of the sex—the other sex is a counter irritant to the welfare of the soul. It is hoped new clothing will be issued ere another Sabbath rolls around. Those who make a business of prophesying, and lift the veil on the head about as often as a weather prognosticator, predict that the desired work will surely be taken this week. However, the definite uncertainty of American army movements are fast attaining a place in the front rank of incredulity among the soldiery. The boys trust that the suits will fit better than the underclothing, which has already been issued. Otherwise pants "like mother used to make" and other prophecies on wearing apparel will be in painful evidence.

As of yore the regiment is anxiously awaiting the order to move. The raw recruits are now well done, and every one wants to go somewhere as badly as Mr. Goebel wants to C-U-B-A customer of his. Barrack life is a continual round of ennui, and even hard drilling fails to break the monotony.

One of the deplorable effects of this war is the evident stimulation of the poetical pegasus to effusions landing "the man behind the gun." Such rot may appear well enough in print, but those who are having the experience feel constrained to rise with the remark that, "It is a great American army." The public will doubtless forgive the poet, realizing, as it must, that "what's done cannot be undone," especially if it is a hard boiled egg (or a poem).

Now that the effects of vaccination are subsiding, the general health of Company C is above par, and the soldier whose pulse last week was so feverish and high that the doctor felt for it in the region of the elbow, has the satisfaction of knowing that it now beats tranquilly in the neighborhood of the winning hand. During the past three days but two cases of illness have been reported: Private Parks, sick in quarters, and Private Spaulding, slight attack of measles. Spaulding is to be envied, for his fate during confinement in the hospital will consist of the regulation ripe-oyster soup and boneless crackers—delicacies foreign to the regular menu. Dr. Smith refers to the Santa Fe boys as the healthiest command in the regiment.

It is rumored that the stones are to be removed from the "night path" leading from the barracks to the town. This is good news for the boys of other companies. When cleared, those who sneak home in the wee sma' hours, when nature has robbed itself in the mantle of darkness, and the river has taken to its bed, will have no difficulty in navigating silently along with a small jag on each shoulder; and the danger of waking the sentinels will be lessened correspondingly. When in action, commands given by the night squad are said to be: "Attention! Load! Just charge, please! Although the grub is improving daily, the men with skeptical stomachs are as plentiful as ever. No matter what assiduous endeavors are put forth, those skeptical stomachs would be deluded into the belief that they have been fed.

Royal makes the food pure,
wholesome and delicious.



FOR SALE BY
H. B. CARTWRIGHT & BRO.

It is whispered about the barracks that some Santa Fe ladies contemplate sending cake to their boys. That would be true missionary work. Whether the cake is of the "angel" variety or not, the boys would certainly entertain a suspicion that the donors were in some manner related to the angel family.

Sergeant Gutterman is about the most devoted admirer of rigid military discipline in the army. In fact he observes such strict order in the barracks that visitors coming unexpectedly on the scene frequently imagine Company C a Sunday school class in session. The sergeant placed one of the boys under arrest the other night for talking in a loud tone after "taps" had sounded. Investigation resulted in the information that the man was talking in his sleep, so it was deemed inadvisable to place him in the guard house.

Sergeant Pierce has been selected to fill the post of color-sergeant for the regiment. "Doc" is as proud of his new honors as a boy with his first pair of suspenders. The tender and reverent manner in which he handles the New Mexico flag would cause the watchful and dozing mother of infant No. 1 to turn green with envy.

Sergeant Allen has written Private Harry Allen for confirmation or denial of a report which has reached that place to the effect that over one-half of the regiment have been poisoned by water which some Spanish sympathizer had "fixed." No, dear madam, there is no truth whatever in the statement. The milk, which the boys do not get, is not adulterated, and the regiment does not consume enough water to poison an able bodied man. J. F. MAXSON.

TUMOR EXPELLED.

Unqualified Success of Lydia E.
Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mrs. ELIZABETH WHELOCK, Magnolia, Iowa, in the following letter describes her recovery from a very critical condition:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have been taking your Vegetable Compound, and am now ready to sound its praises. It has done wonders for me in relieving me of a tumor."

"My health has been poor for three years. Change of life was working upon me. I was very much bloated and was a burden to myself. Was troubled with smothering spells, also palpitation of the heart and that bearing-down feeling, and could not be on my feet much."

"I was growing worse all the time, until I took your medicine."

"After taking three boxes of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Lozenges, the tumor passed from me."

"My health has been better ever since, can now walk quite a distance and am troubled no more with palpitation of the heart or bloating. I recommend your medicine to all sufferers from female troubles."

It is hardly reasonable to suppose that any one can doubt the efficiency of Mrs. Pinkham's methods and medicine in the face of the tremendous volume of testimony.

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THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES.

Outstanding Assurance December 31, 1897.....	\$951,165,837.00
New Assurance written in 1897.....	156,955,693.00
Proposals for Assurance Examined and Declined.....	24,491,973.00
Income.....	48,572,369.53
Assets, December 31, 1897.....	236,576,308.04
Reserve on all existing Policies (4 per cent standard) and all other liabilities.....	186,333,133.90
Surplus, 4 per cent standard.....	50,543,174.94
Paid Policy Holders in 1897.....	21,106,314.14

LARGEST Most Insurance in Force.
STRONGEST Largest Surplus.
BEST Pays Death Claims Promptly.

Pays Larger Dividends (\$1,000,000 more during last five years.) Issues Better Policies.

Walter N. Parkhurst, General Manager,
NEW MEXICO AND ARIZONA DEPARTMENT,
ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO.